

Application support with libcamera

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Kieran Bingham kieran.bingham@ideasonboard.com





- Complex Cameras
- Complications
- Existing Solutions
- Community Support
- Future Developments
- Q+A



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 No intention or desire to take credit for their work

IDEAS ON BOARD

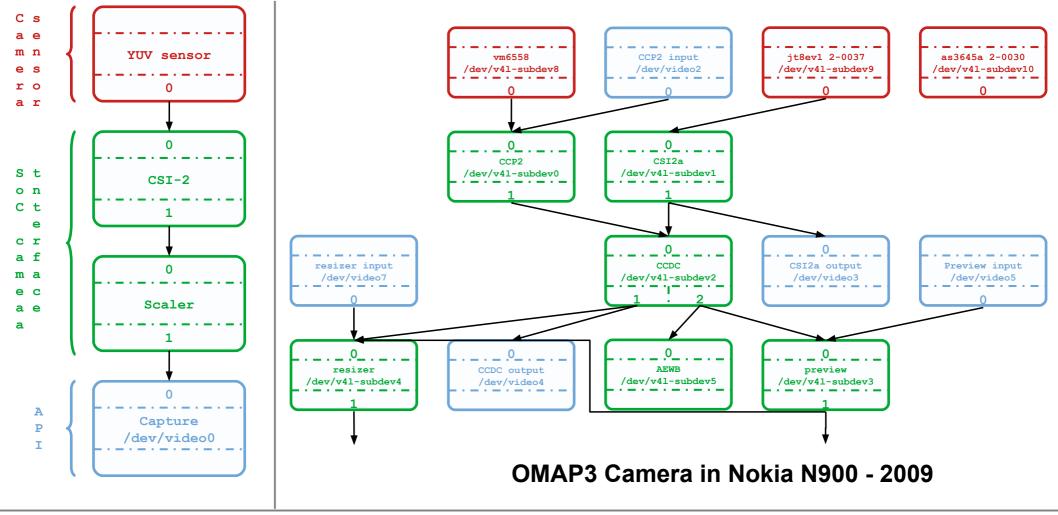
Legalese...



- Complex Cameras
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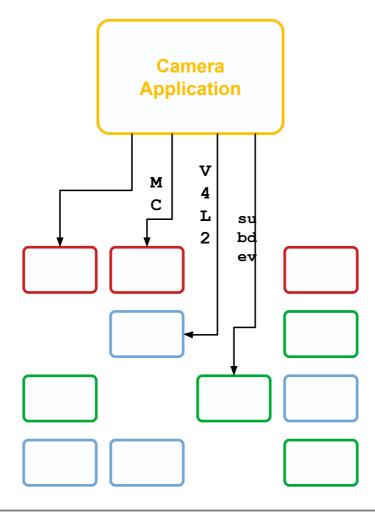






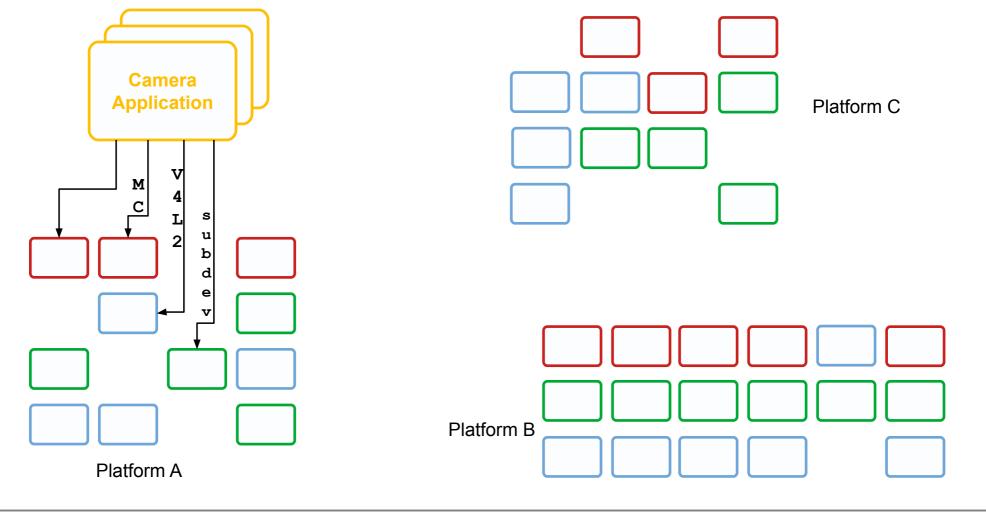


Cameras are Complex



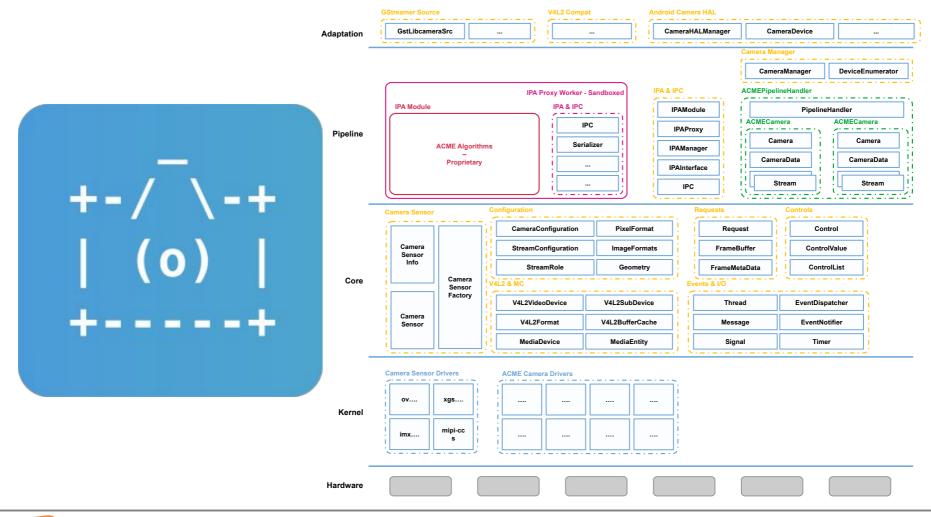


Applications can manage those complexities ...





But it doesn't scale





libcamera fills that gap



- Complex Cameras
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- V4L2 started between 1998, 2002
- Consistent API supports many Video capture devices
 - Wide support of pixel formats ...
 - Same API for (existing, simple) Cameras, Digital TV DVB, Set Top Box ...
- It exists
 - There hasn't been anything else at the kernel level (upstream)
- Widely used (thoroughly tested)



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Media/Camera Applications







gstreamer











Multimedia and Application Frameworks

Conferencing Utilities



V4L2 is already used everywhere

- Really they love '/dev/video0'
- Media Controller
 - Entities, links, pads, format negotiation (propagation)
- Subdevices
 - Direct control over specific internal components
 - Which one do you configure?
- Multiple video nodes for a single "Camera device"
 - UVC 'Metadata video node'
 - CSI2 Receiver
 - ISP Statistics, Parameter Buffers, Multiple image streams
 - M2M Dewarper



- 3A algorithms need to be handled in userspace
 - Crucial for RAW sensors. YUV sensors are becoming obsolete
- Laptops are now using complex cameras
 - o Dell, Lenovo, HP, Surface ... (Intel IPU3, IPU4, IPU6)
- Embedded devices already use complex cameras
 - OEM/ODM ... need custom solutions to manage each camera
- No portable mobile camera applications.
 - Mobile is dominated by Android, with mostly binary camera stacks
- Ubuntu Touch / UBPorts
 - Targeting a new life for old devices ... with cameras



V4L2 alone isn't enough



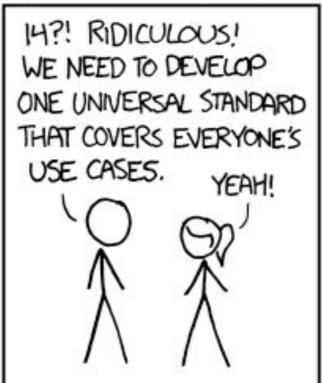
- Many applications don't yet support libcamera
- Adding the support takes effort
 - maintainers haven't expected this
- C applications don't want to use C++
 - People can be scared of the ++
 - Development on 'C / Rust' bindings begun
- Is it even finished yet?
 - Releases, ABI stability ...



But ... now there's a new API to use

HOW STANDARDS PROLIFERATE: (SEE: A/C CHARGERS, CHARACTER ENCODINGS, INSTANT MESSAGING, ETC.)

SITUATION: THERE ARE 14 COMPETING STANDARDS.







Obligatory XKCD: 927



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Gstlibcamerasrc brings the whole Gstreamer ecosystem to libcamera devices:

- Encoding / Streaming
- Composing / Mixing
- Audio

Camera Viewer

gst-launch-1.0 libcamerasrc! 'video/x-raw,width=1280,height=720'! glimagesink

JPEG Network streamer

```
gst-launch-1.0 libcamerasrc ! \
video/x-raw,colorimetry=bt709,format=NV12,width=1280,height=720,framerate=30/1 ! \
jpegenc ! multipartmux ! \
tcpserversink host=0.0.0.0 port=5000
```

JPEG Network Receiver

gst-launch-1.0 tcpclientsrc host=\$DEVICE_IP port=5000!\
multipartdemux! jpeqdec! autovideosink



libcamera provides a gstreamer element

Raspberry Pi is transitioning from a legacy camera software stack based on proprietary Broadcom GPU code to an open-source stack based on Libcamera. Raspberry Pi OS images from *Bullseye* onwards will contain **only** the Libcamera-based stack. Raspberry Pi OS images up to and including *Buster* will contain the legacy *Raspicam* stack, though the Libcamera stack and applications can be installed using *apt*, or built by following the normal build instructions.

Users are encouraged to use the newest OS images and the libcamera-based stack because:

- It will continue to be developed moving forward.
- Raspberry Pi and 3rd parties can fix bugs and problems in the camera stack.
- Raspberry Pi and 3rd parties can add new features to the camera stack.
- It is much easier to add support for new cameras.
- 3rd parties can add support directly for their own cameras.
- Nearly all aspects of the camera tuning can be changed by users.
- It integrates much more conveniently with other standard Linux APIs.
- Raspberry Pi supply a set of Libcamera apps which emulate most of the features of the legacy applications.
- It provdes a feature-rich post-processing framework integrating OpenCV and TensorFlow Lite.
- Libcamera makes it easier to control the parameters of the image sensor and the camera system.
- It is fully supported on 64-bit operating systems.

https://www.raspberrypi.com/documentation/accessories/camera.html



Raspberry Pi provide their own implementation

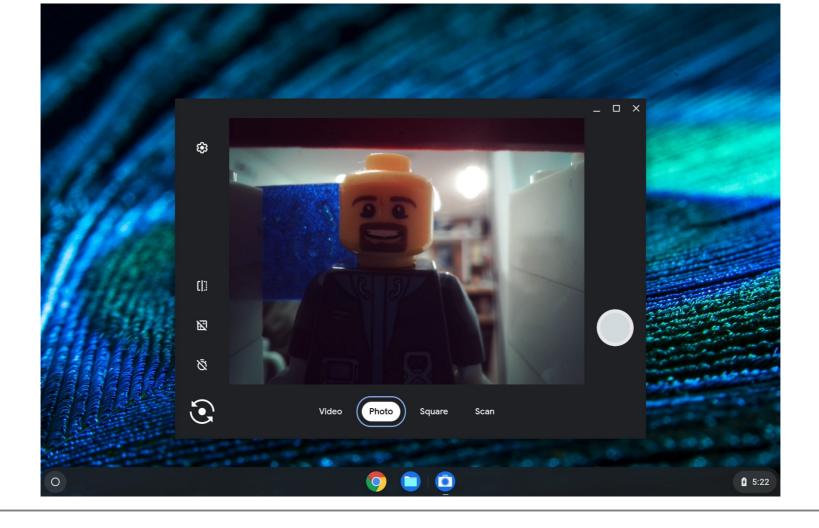
```
Few users like C++
```

- Python is "friendly"
- Fast to prototype
- 'Picamera2' simplifies the libcamera python API

```
#!/usr/bin/python3
# Capture a JPEG while still running in the preview mode. When you
# capture to a file, the return value is the metadata for that image.
import time
from picamera2 import Picamera2, Preview
picam2 = Picamera2()
preview config = picam2.create preview configuration(main = {"size": (800, 600)})
picam2.configure(preview config)
picam2.start preview(Preview.QTGL)
picam2.start()
time.sleep(2)
metadata = picam2.capture file("test.jpg")
print (metadata)
picam2.close()
```



We have python support



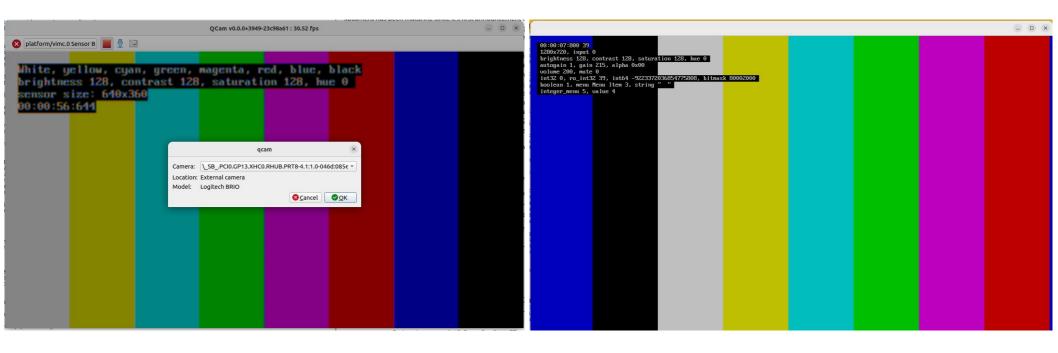


An android HAL implementation

- LD_PRELOAD solution
 - LIBCAMERA PUBLIC int open(const char *path, int oflag, ...)
 - LIBCAMERA_PUBLIC int open64(const char *path, int oflag, ...)
 - LIBCAMERA_PUBLIC int openat(int dirfd, const char *path, int oflag, ...)
 - LIBCAMERA_PUBLIC int __openat_2(int dirfd, const char *path, int oflag)
 - LIBCAMERA_PUBLIC int openat64(int dirfd, const char *path, int oflag, ...)
 - LIBCAMERA_PUBLIC int dup(int oldfd)
 - LIBCAMERA PUBLIC int close(int fd)
 - LIBCAMERA_PUBLIC void *mmap(void *addr, size_t length, int prot, int flags, int fd, off_t offset)
 - LIBCAMERA_PUBLIC void *mmap64(void *addr, size_t length, int prot, int flags, int fd, off64 t offset)
 - LIBCAMERA_PUBLIC int munmap(void *addr, size_t length)
 - LIBCAMERA_PUBLIC int ioctl(int fd, unsigned long request, ...)
- 'libcamerify'
 - \$ libcamerify -d -d myV4L2Application –myArgs



... and a V4L2 compatibility layer



\$ qcam -r gles

\$ cam -c3 -C -S -stream pixelformat=YUYV

(Using VIMC)

(Using VIVID)



As well as test applications

```
189
      int main()
                                                                                                         190
160
                                                                                                         191
                                                                                                                       * Camera
161
                                                                                                         192
162
                                                                                                                       * Camera are entities created by pipeline handlers, inspecting the
                                                                                                         193
163
               * Create a Camera Manager.
                                                                                                                       * entities registered in the system and reported to applications
                                                                                                         194
                                                                                                         195
                                                                                                                       * by the CameraManager.
165
               * The Camera Manager is responsible for enumerating all the Camera
                                                                                                         196
               * in the system, by associating Pipeline Handlers with media entities
166
                                                                                                         197
                                                                                                                       * In general terms, a Camera corresponds to a single image source
               * registered in the system.
                                                                                                                       * available in the system, such as an image sensor.
167
                                                                                                         198
                                                                                                         199
168
                                                                                                                       * Application lock usage of Camera by 'acquiring' them.
               * The CameraManager provides a list of available Cameras that
                                                                                                         201
                                                                                                                       * Once done with it, application shall similarly 'release' the Camera.
170
               * applications can operate on.
                                                                                                         202
171
                                                                                                         203
                                                                                                                       * As an example, use the first available camera in the system after
               * When the CameraManager is no longer to be used, it should be deleted.
172
                                                                                                         204
                                                                                                                       * making sure that at least one camera is available.
               * We use a unique_ptr here to manage the lifetime automatically during
173
                                                                                                         205
174
               * the scope of this function.
                                                                                                         206
                                                                                                                       * Cameras can be obtained by their ID or their index, to demonstrate
175
                                                                                                                       * this, the following code gets the ID of the first camera; then gets
                                                                                                         207
176
               * There can only be a single CameraManager constructed within any
                                                                                                         208
                                                                                                                       * the camera associated with that ID (which is of course the same as
177
               * process space.
                                                                                                                       * cm->cameras()[0]).
178
                                                                                                         210
179
              std::unique_ptr<CameraManager> cm = std::make_unique<CameraManager>();
                                                                                                         211
                                                                                                                       if (cm->cameras().empty()) {
180
              cm->start();
                                                                                                         212
                                                                                                                              std::cout << "No cameras were identified on the system."
                                                                                                         213
                                                                                                                                        << std::endl:
182
                                                                                                         214
                                                                                                                              cm->stop();
               * Just as a test, generate names of the Cameras registered in the
                                                                                                         215
                                                                                                                              return EXIT_FAILURE;
183
               * system, and list them.
                                                                                                         216
184
                                                                                                         217
               */
                                                                                                                       std::string cameraId = cm->cameras()[0]->id();
                                                                                                         218
186
              for (auto const &camera : cm->cameras())
                                                                                                                       camera = cm->get(cameraId);
                                                                                                         219
                      std::cout << " - " << cameraName(camera.get()) << std::endl;
187
                                                                                                         220
                                                                                                                       camera->acquire();
```

https://git.libcamera.org/libcamera/simple-cam.git/



And a sample 'hello world' for the API

```
kbingham@Monstersaurus: ~/iob/libcamera/ci/libcamera-ci
Found ninja-1.10.1 at /usr/bin/ninja
ninja: Entering directory `/home/kbingham/iob/libcamera/ci/libcamera-ci/builds/60-simple-cam.sh'
[1/3] Compiling C++ object simple-cam.p/event loop.cpp.o
[2/3] Compiling C++ object simple-cam.p/simple-cam.cpp.o
[3/3] Linking target simple-cam
[143:25:43.354168806] [2444412] INFO IPAManager ipa manager.cpp:141 libcamera is not installed. Adding '/home/kbingham/i
ob/libcamera/ci/libcamera-ci/builds/unit-tests/src/ipa' to the IPA search path
[143:25:43.356069467] [2444412] INFO Camera camera manager.cpp:293 libcamera v0.0.0+3902-6225d647
[143:25:43.369636898] [2444415] WARN CameraSensorProperties camera sensor properties.cpp:174 No static properties availa
ble for 'Sensor B'
[143:25:43.369672565] [2444415] WARN CameraSensorProperties camera sensor properties.cpp:176 Please consider updating th
e camera sensor properties database
[143:25:43.369694136] [2444415] WARN CameraSensor camera_sensor.cpp:411 'Sensor B': Failed to retrieve the camera locati
[143:25:43.371991431] [2444415] INFO IPAProxy ipa proxy cpp:130 libcamera is not installed. Loading IPA configuration fr
om '/home/kbingham/iob/libcamera/ci/libcamera-ci/src/libcamer<u>a/src/ipa/vimc/data</u>'
- 'Logitech BRIO' (\ SB .PCI0.GP13.XHC0.RHUB.PRT8-4.1:1.0-046d:085e)
 - (platform/vimc.0 Sensor B)
Default viewfinder configuration is: 1920x1080-NV12
Validated viewfinder configuration is: 1920x1080-NV12
[143:25:43.374254333] [2444412] INFO Camera camera.cpp:1026 configuring streams: (0) 1920x1080-NV12
Allocated 4 buffers for stream
Request completed: Request(0:C:0/1:0)
        SensorTimestamp = 516344180492000
 seq: 000000 timestamp: 516344180492000 bytesused: 2073600/1036800
Request completed: Request(1:C:0/1:0)
        SensorTimestamp = 516344404491000
 seq: 000001 timestamp: 516344404491000 bytesused: 2073600/1036800
Request completed: Request(2:C:0/1:0)
        Concortimectamn - 5163/1/132527AAA
```

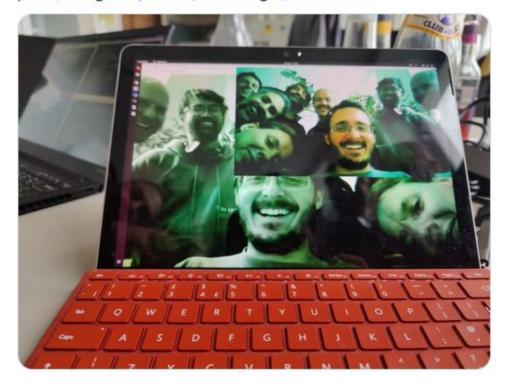


And a sample 'hello world' for the API



libcamera @libcamera · May 26

A surface go 2, running chromium browser through the gnome camera portal, through @PipewireP, and through @libcamera!!!





Pipewire integration brings desktop use cases

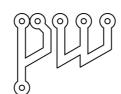






















https://flatpak.github.io/xdg-desktop-portal/#gdbus-org.freedesktop.portal.Camera



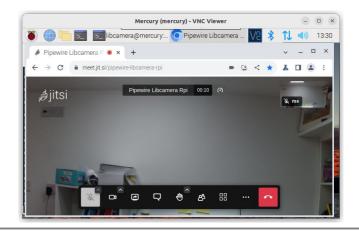
Such as video conferencing through chromium



Technical Showcase stand:

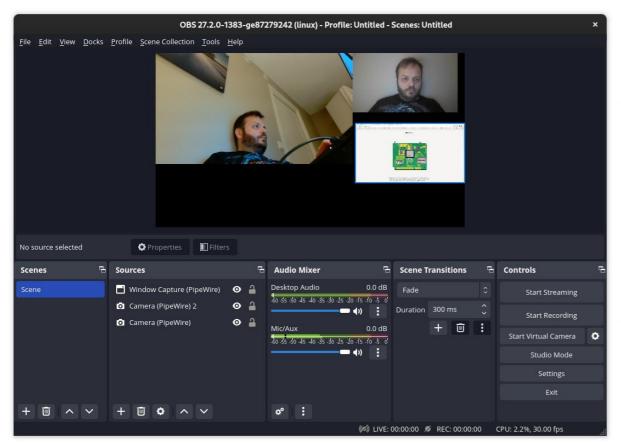
- Embedded Linux conference Europe (Dublin 2022)

- Lacks correct format negotiation
- Stride not correctly managed
 - Affects frame sizes that are not a multiple of 32, in width. 1280x720 is usable
- NV12 support has format configuration faults in WebRTC
- PipeWire issue with multiple cameras.
 - Fixed to single camera for the moment
- Segmentation faults with RPi chromium build with the V4L2 M2M decoders.
 - A pain but not related to the camera work





This is still in development and has a way to go





What do I see? OBS Studio capturing two different webcams using @PipewireP and @libcamera? Oh, and also PipeWire providing a capture of my browser showing the PipeWire homepage? Nice! (Using PipeWire git and @wtaymans OBS Studio git branch) #fedora #pipewire #libcamera #linux



Replying to @Fahad_Alduraibi @cfkschaller and 2 others

Wim got to add the camera controls first and fix a few bugs related to camera enumeration/bring up. Then he will file a merge request. After that it is up to Obs maintainers.



But it's moving fast



- Complex Cameras
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- I want to hear use cases and requirements
 - Platforms (RPi, NXP, Rockchip, ... Other)
 - Cameras (Sony IMX, Omnivision, IP/Genicam?)
 - Frameworks (OpenCV / Tensorflow ... others?)



OpenCV



[libcamera-devel] py: examples: Add simple-capture-opency.py

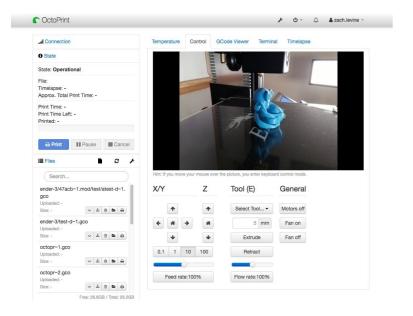
- libcamerify
 - Frame rate support to be added to the V4L2 adaptation layer.
 - [libcamera-devel,v3] v4l2: Support setting frame rate in the V4L2
 Adaptation layer
 - https://patchwork.libcamera.org/patch/15392/
- Likely a good candidate for a direct libcamera implementation
 - GSoC open
- GStreamer pipeline support already possible through the gstlibcamerasrc
- Direct python example now available





- https://github.com/Motion-Project/motion/
- Widely used with Raspberry Pi devices
- Working with 'libcamerify'
- Proposed native libcamera integration but C++ rejected
- https://github.com/Motion-Project/motionplus
 - "MotionPlus is a break at version 4.2.2 from the Motion application. MotionPlus removes some of the outdated processes and features of the Motion application and introduces new functionalities.
 - Could be suitable for someone to write native libcamera integration





- https://sourceforge.net/projects/mjpg-streamer/
- https://github.com/jacksonliam/mjpg-streamer
- MJPG-streamer takes JPGs from Linux-UVC compatible webcams, filesystem or other input plugins and streams them as M-JPEG via HTTP to webbrowsers, VLC and other software. It is the successor of uvc-streamer, a Linux-UVC streaming application with Pan/Tilt
- https://github.com/ArduCAM/mjpg-streamer



- https://github.com/ericcurtin/twincam
 - A lightweight camera application, designed to start quickly in a bare environment. It is named twincam as it is built with automotive in mind like a twin-cam engine, it is simply the name of the application.
- https://github.com/folkertvanheusden/constatus
 - Constatus monitors, converts, transforms, filters and multiplexes video-feeds. Feeds like
 IP-cameras, "video4linux"-devices, pixelflut, VNC-servers, Raspberry Pi-cameras, etc. It is an NVR (network video recorder) with special features.
- https://github.com/aler9/rtsp-simple-server
- https://github.com/ayufan-research/camera-streamer

Potential (upcoming?) Users

- Megapixels / Millipixels
 - o Pinephone ... Custom 'ini' files to handle media controller.
- Your Camera based app here ...
 - Please come and talk to me if you have a use case/app already.
 - I want to hear about more users and use cases!
- #libcamera on irc.oftc.net / Matrix Bridge / Mailing list.





And more users, or potential users ...

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The pain of loss is greater than the power of gain.

To overcome the resistance of change:

- Dissatisfaction with the way things are now
- A positive **vision** of the future
- Concrete steps to make the vision a reality



https://www.emersonhc.com/change-management/people-hard-wired-resist-change



Applications (developers) need to see the benefits

- libwebrtc changes need more review and testing
- Many common use cases will be opened up
- Pengutronix are already leading the way on this

WebRTC

Issue 13177: Use Pipewire for camera/webcam access as well: https://bugs.chromium.org/p/webrtc/issues/detail?id=13177

Gerrit: Split out generic portal / pipewire code : https://webrtc-review.googlesource.com/c/src/+/263721

Gerrit: Add pipewire/portal video capture support : https://webrtc-review.googlesource.com/c/src/+/261620

Gerrit: Add callback for raw frames for video capture: https://webrtc-review.googlesource.com/c/src/+/264548

Chromium

Video Capture Linux: add backend for portal / pipewire cameras : https://chromium-review.googlesource.com/c/chromium/src/+/3308882

Video Capture Linux: factor out v4l2 camera support: https://chromium-review.googlesource.com/c/chromium/src/+/3634526



Chromium and libwebrtc needs to be upstream

https://www.omgubuntu.co.uk/2020/02/gnome-camera-app-mockup

Phone

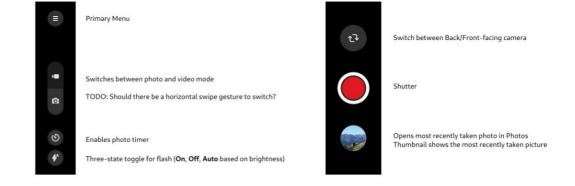
Because the entire 4:3 photo needs to fit onto the view and the screen is quite tall, we need to do something with the additional height. This is done by making the headerbar taller than usual and vertically centering the buttons.





On phones in landscape mode, the overall layout remains the same, but the icons/content rotates







Gnome Camera App

- Which version of libcamera should we use?
 - libcamera\$./utils/gen-version.sh
 - 0.0.1+50-aa7b3740
- We're still actively developing. We can't guarantee ABI/API stability.?
 - Soname fixes allows packaging the differences
- Distributions are /screaming/ for a 'tag'
 - *DONE* 0.0.1
 - Aiming for monthly or two monthly release cadence.
 - Major.Minor.Patch
 - Patch increments at 0.0.x until we have automatic ABI breakage detect

Major release bump when we declare stable ABI/API.

- Minor patch increments will then imply ABI/API breakage, with stable patch
- We need more (available) CI
- Freedesktop?



libcamera releases

- Canonical
- Collabora
- Redhat
- Pengutronix
- Raspberry Pi
- NXP
- ChromeOS



+-/ \-+ | (0) | libcamera

- Camera's Complexities have led to libcamera development becoming a necessity on consumer devices (laptops, linux-phones, embedded)
- Application support with libcamera is increasing but still a long way to go.
- Pipewire support can already provide desktop integration
 - device security through the XDG Camera Portal
- Python bindings are now available.
 - picamera2 now released by RPi
- GStreamer support has had a lot of improvements







+-/\-+ | (0) | libcamera



https://www.libcamera.org

kieran.bingham@ideasonboard.com



Contact



Thank you!







