



UbuCon Korea 2023

# Bird를 활용하여 나만의 ISP 및 CDN 구축하기

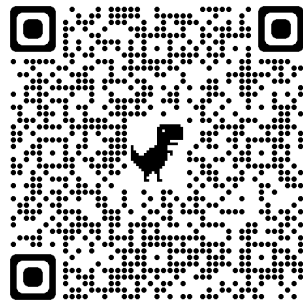
김경택(Gyeongtaek Kim)



## 김경택 / kwabang@yuki.net.uk

- Backend & Network Engineer
- Operating Public Linux Mirror (Yuki Network Mirror)
- Operating Hosting ISP (Yuki Network, AS151349)

QnA ->





왜 ISP를 직접 운영하나요?

# 왜 ISP를 직접 운영하나요?



리눅스 미러 운영 시작  
2020.05

BYOIP, IPv6 지원 시작  
2021.05

AS203979 ASN 발급  
2022.07

Yuki Network 설립  
2023.04

AS151349 ASN 발급  
2023.05

Joined KCIX (Kansas City Internet Exchange)  
Peering with Cloudflare, Akamai, etc..

# 왜 ISP를 직접 운영하나요?



ipv6.ip.pe.kr

[Home](#) [About](#) [API](#) [Contact](#)

2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1002

당신의 공인 아이피(IPv6) 주소는 위와 같습니다.  
접속하신 국가는 대한민국 (KR) 입니다.

[자세히 알아보기](#)

IPv4 확인으로 돌아가시려면 [ip.pe.kr](#)으로 접속해주세요.

# 왜 ISP를 직접 운영하나요?



```
root@ip-172-26-4-37:~# ping kwabang.net
PING kwabang.net(2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005 (2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005)) 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005 (2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005): icmp_seq=1 ttl=63 time=6.38 ms
64 bytes from 2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005 (2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005): icmp_seq=2 ttl=63 time=6.35 ms
64 bytes from 2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005 (2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005): icmp_seq=3 ttl=63 time=6.43 ms
64 bytes from 2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005 (2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005): icmp_seq=4 ttl=63 time=6.39 ms
64 bytes from 2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005 (2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005): icmp_seq=5 ttl=63 time=6.35 ms
64 bytes from 2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005 (2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005): icmp_seq=6 ttl=63 time=6.44 ms
64 bytes from 2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005 (2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005): icmp_seq=7 ttl=63 time=6.41 ms
64 bytes from 2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005 (2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005): icmp_seq=8 ttl=63 time=6.25 ms
64 bytes from 2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005 (2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005): icmp_seq=9 ttl=63 time=6.37 ms
64 bytes from 2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005 (2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005): icmp_seq=10 ttl=63 time=6.31 ms
64 bytes from 2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005 (2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005): icmp_seq=11 ttl=63 time=6.51 ms
64 bytes from 2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005 (2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005): icmp_seq=12 ttl=63 time=6.54 ms
64 bytes from 2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005 (2a06:1287:5611:cafe:cafe:cafe:cafe:1005): icmp_seq=13 ttl=63 time=6.40 ms
```



# IP 주소



## 사설 IP

공유기에서 할당

외부에서 접근 불가능

다른 네트워크와 중복 가능

## 공인 IP

인터넷 사업자(ISP)에서 할당

외부에서 접근 가능

인터넷에서 고유한 주소





# ASN과 BGP는 무엇인가?

# ASN과 BGP는 무엇인가?



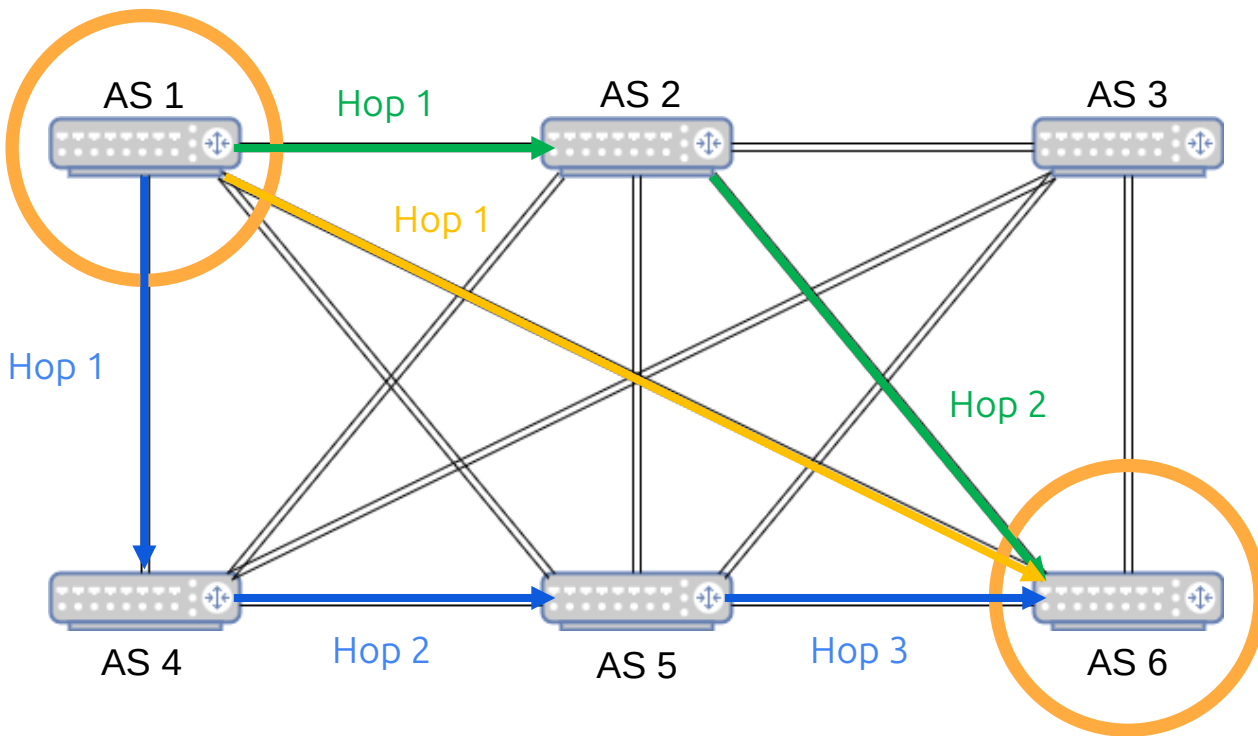
## ASN

Autonomous System Number  
망식별번호

## BGP

Border Gateway Protocol  
경계 경로 프로토콜

# ASN과 BGP는 무엇인가?





# 물리 장비



## IPv4 Routing table

	Jan 2018	Jan 2019	Jan 2020	Jan 2021	Jan 2022	Jan 2023
<b>Prefix Count</b>	699,000	760,000	814,000	860,000	906,000	940,000
<b>Root Prefixes</b>	328,000	353,000	387,000	400,000	420,000	445,000

## IPv6 Routing table

	Jan 2018	Jan 2019	Jan 2020	Jan 2021	Jan 2022	Jan 2023
<b>Prefix Count</b>	45,700	62,400	79,400	105,500	146,500	172,400
<b>Root Prefixes</b>	28,200	35,400	42,300	49,200	57,800	69,400



\$23,000 ~ \$26,000



\$11,000 ~ \$15,000



Canonical  
Ubuntu







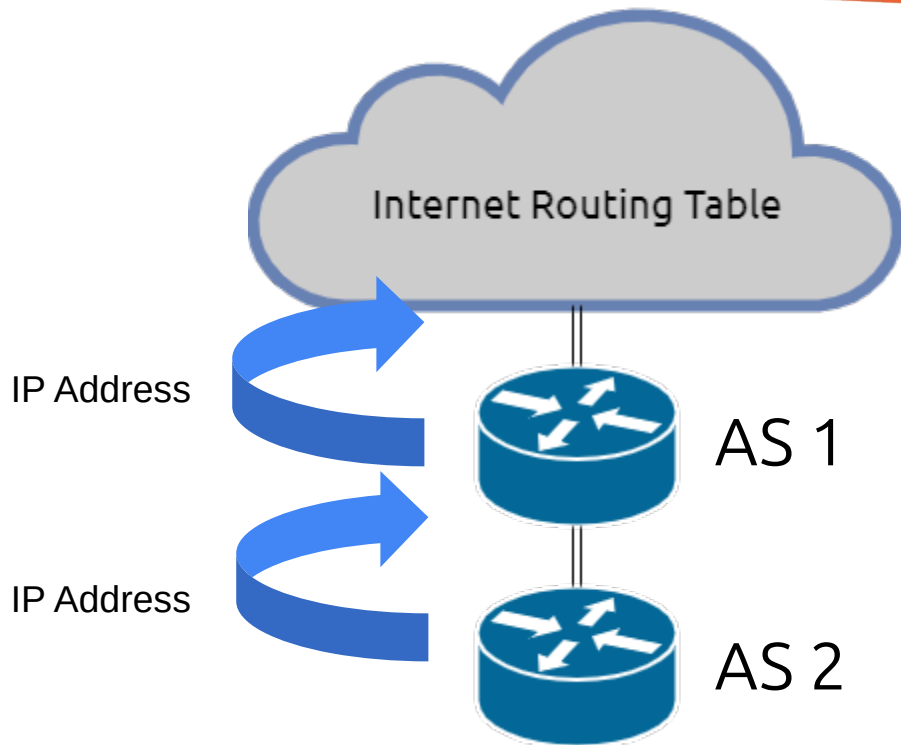
# 클라우드에서 IP 주소 발표하기

# 클라우드에서 IP 주소 발표하기



- IP Address
- ASN
- Upstream BGP

# 클라우드에서 IP 주소 발표하기



# 클라우드에서 IP 주소 발표하기



	<b>Upstream Yuki Network</b>	<b>AWS Lightsail</b>
<b>ASN</b>	AS151349	AS203979
<b>GRE Address</b>	fd34:5966:9679::0	fd34:5966:9679::1
<b>OS</b>	Debian 11	Ubuntu 22.04.3
<b>Package</b>	Bird 2.0.7	Bird 2.0.8
	<b>Prefix</b>	<b>2a0e:b107:1fe5::/48</b>

# 클라우드에서 IP 주소 발표하기

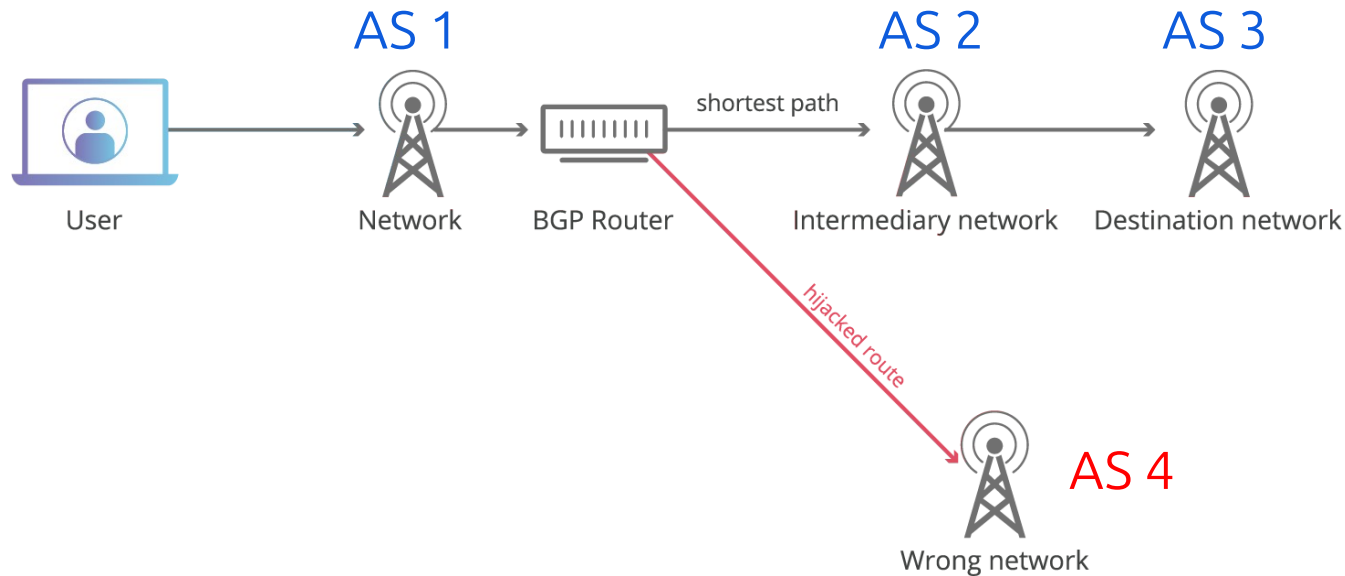


- `apt install bird2` // Bird2 설치
- `/etc/bird/bird.conf` // 설정파일 수정
- `birdc configure` // 설정파일 적용



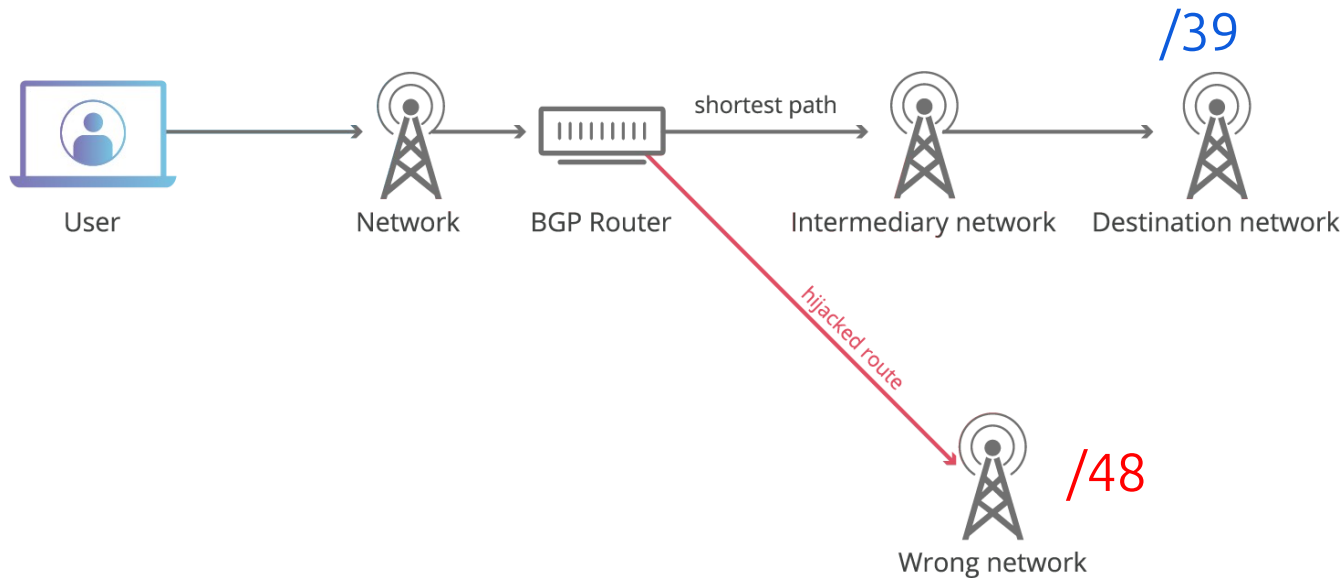
# BGP 하이재킹

# BGP 하이재킹



Source: What is BGP hijacking?, Cloudflare

# BGP 하이재킹



Source: What is BGP hijacking?, Cloudflare





# RPKI

Resource Public Key Infrastructure

# BGP 하이재킹



## Routing Information in

South Korea



### Routing Statistics

Statistics about relevant global routing table entries

ASes	Prefixes	Routes	RPKI Valid	RPKI Invalid	RPKI Unknown
<b>884</b>	<b>25k</b>	<b>25k</b>	<b>159 (1%)</b>	<b>13 (0%)</b>	<b>24.8k (99%)</b>
IPv4 838 IPv6 46	IPv4 24,012 IPv6 940	IPv4 24,034 IPv6 940	IPv4 113 IPv6 46	IPv4 13 IPv6 0	IPv4 23,908 IPv6 894

● RPKI Valid  
**1%**



● RPKI Unknown  
**99%**

Data generated at 2023-09-08T10:00:00 UTC

Source: Cloudflare Radar

# BGP 하이재킹



## Routing Information in

Japan



### Routing Statistics

Statistics about relevant global routing table entries

ASes	Prefixes	Routes	RPKI Valid	RPKI Invalid	RPKI Unknown
<b>1.1k</b>	<b>12.5k</b>	<b>12.5k</b>	<b>5.6k (45%)</b>	<b>20 (0%)</b>	<b>6.8k (55%)</b>
IPv4 690 IPv6 407	IPv4 11,202 IPv6 1,251	IPv4 11,203 IPv6 1,251	IPv4 4,780 IPv6 821	IPv4 15 IPv6 5	IPv4 6,408 IPv6 425

● RPKI Valid  
**45%**



● RPKI Unknown  
**55%**

Data generated at 2023-09-08T10:00:00 UTC

Source: Cloudflare Radar



☰ README.md

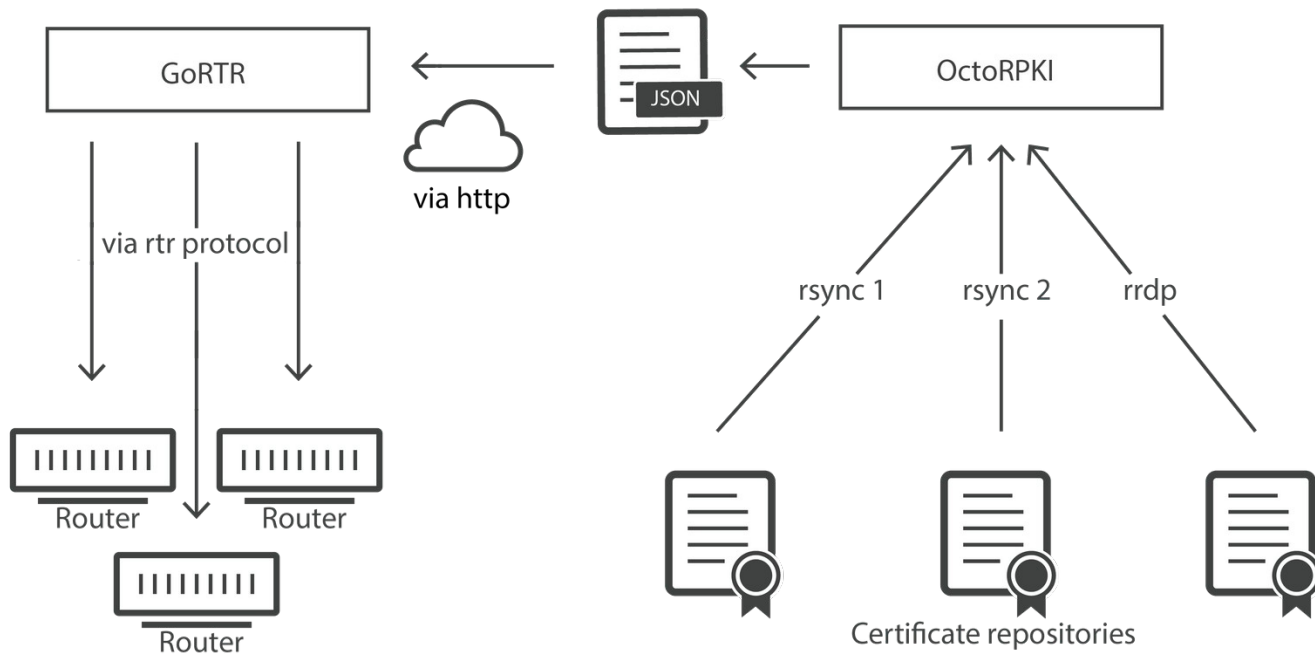
## GoRTR

Go passing reference release v0.14.8

GoRTR is an open-source implementation of RPKI to Router protocol (RFC 6810) using the [the Go Programming Language](#).

- `/lib` contains a library to create your own server and client.
- `/prefixfile` contains the structure of a JSON export file and signing capabilities.
- `/cmd/gortr/gortr.go` is a simple implementation that fetches a list and offers it to a router.
- `/cmd/rtrdump/rtrdump.go` allows copying the PDUs sent by a RTR server as a JSON file.
- `/cmd/rtrmon/rtrmon.go` compare and monitor two RTR servers (using RTR and/or JSON), outputs diff and Prometheus metrics.

# BGP 하이재킹



Source: RPKI and the RTR protocol, Cloudflare Blog

# BGP 하이재킹



- GoRTR 설치
- `/etc/bird/bird.conf` // 설정파일 수정
- `birdc configure` // 설정파일 적용
- `birdc reload all`

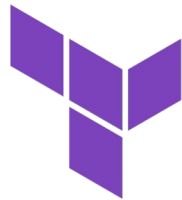


# Unicast & Anycast

# Unicast & Anycast



VULTR



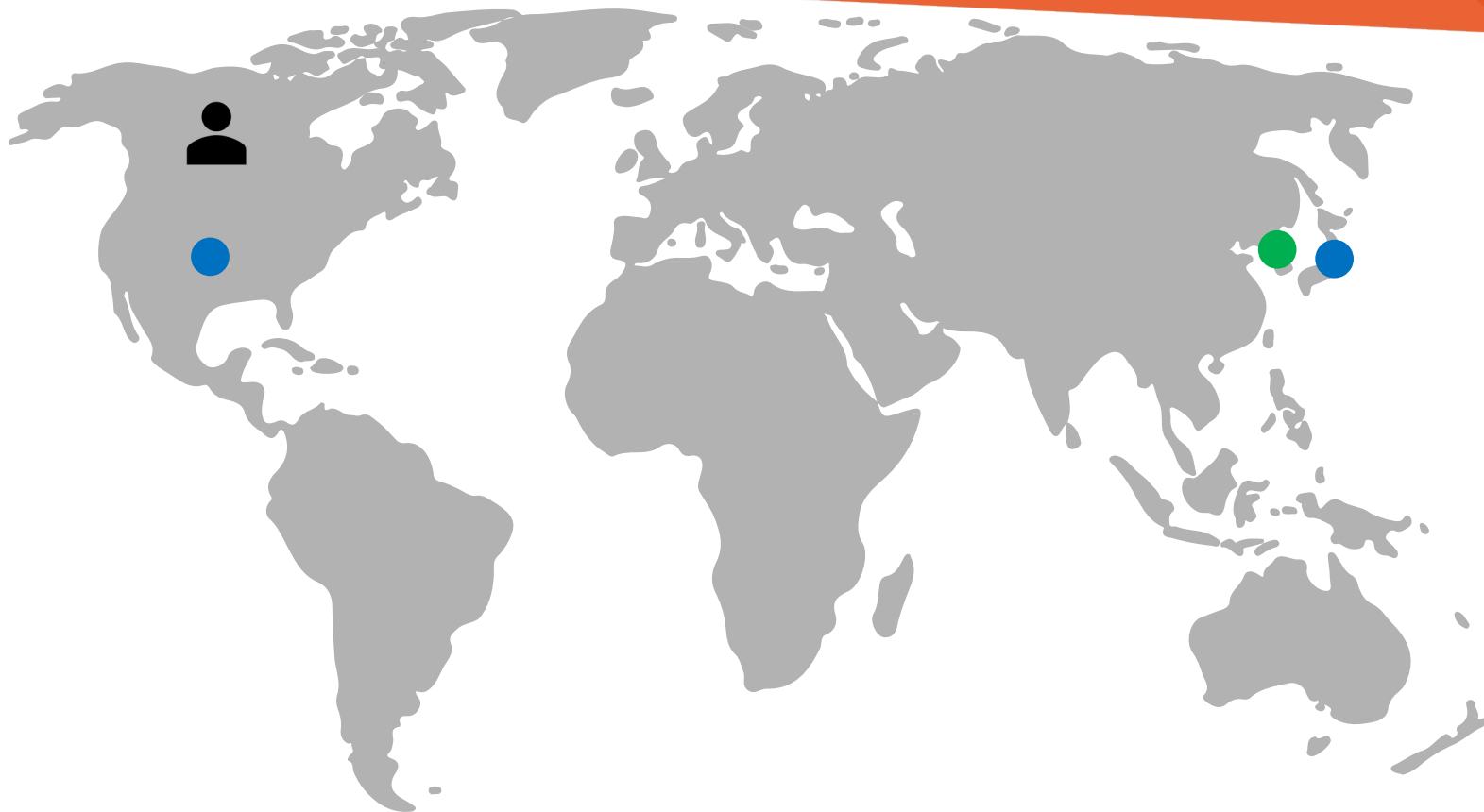
HashiCorp

**Terraform**

<https://github.com/Kwabang/UbuCon-Korea-2023-Example-Conf>



# Unicast, Anycast





QnA